

# A Query Language in Scheme

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# Overview

- ▶ Lambda Calculus - Review of Question 3.39 Posted to website.
- ▶ Query Languages - Review of Query Language from SICP
- ▶ Metacircular Evaluator - Lab Introduction

# Query Languages

- ▶ Query Languages Present a different method of writing programs.
- ▶ For most languages
  - ▶ We give a set of instructions and ask they be executed
- ▶ For a query language
  - ▶ We give a set of information and ask a question
- ▶ Terminology
  - ▶ Data base: Our set of known information
  - ▶ Query: A question we want answered
- ▶ Note: Similar but not exactly like Database Programming (SQL)

## Example

- ▶ A data base in scheme (From SICP 4.4.1)
  - ▶ (job (Bitdiddle Ben) (computer wizard))
  - ▶ (job (Hacker Alyssa P) (computer programmer))
  - ▶ (job (Fect Cy D) (computer programmer))
  - ▶ (job (Tweakit Lem E) (computer technician))
  - ▶ (can-do-job (computer wizard) (computer programmer))
- ▶ A simple query
  - ▶ (job ?x (computer programmer))
- ▶ Find all the people who have the job computer programmer.
  - ▶ Fill in the blank ?x

;;; Query results:

```
(job (Hacker Alyssa P) (computer programmer))
```

```
(job (Fect Cy D) (computer programmer))
```

## Queries

- ▶ To start the SICP Query Interpreter

```
(load "ch4-query.scm")  
;This is with the Lab 3 files  
(initialize-data-base microshaft-data-base)  
(query-driver-loop)
```

- ▶ We can use mutiple variables

```
(job ?x ?y)
```

- ▶ This would just list everyone's job

- ▶ We can also repeat variables

```
(supervisor ?x ?x)
```

- ▶ This would give us all the people who are their own supervisor.

# Partial Matches

- ▶ Partial Matches

- ▶ This will find any person whose job starts with the word computer

```
(job ?x (computer . ?type))
```

- ▶ This will not find someone with the job (computer programmer trainee)

```
(job ?x (computer ?type))
```

## Compound Queries

- ▶ We can use “and” and “or” to make more complex queries
- ▶ I want to know the address of all the computer programmers  
(and (job ?person (computer programmer))  
    (address ?person ?where))
- ▶ I want to know all the people who have either Ben or Alyssa as their supervisor  
(or (supervisor ?x (Bitdiddle Ben))  
    (supervisor ?x (Hacker Alyssa P)))

## Compound Queries

- ▶ The not command can be used to negate a statement
- ▶ I want to know all the people supervised by Ben who are not computer programmers

```
(and (supervisor ?x (Bitdiddle Ben))  
      (not (job ?x (computer programmer))))
```

- ▶ lisp-value can be used if we need to compare values
- ▶ I want to know everyone who makes more then 30,000

```
(and (salary ?person ?amount)  
      (lisp-value > ?amount 30000))
```



## Adding New Rules

- ▶ We can add new rules to the query data base

- ▶ Two people are the same

```
(rule (same ?x ?x))
```

- ▶ Two people live near each other if they are from the same town but not the same person

```
(rule (lives-near ?person-1 ?person-2)
```

```
(and (address ?person-1 (?town . ?rest-1))
```

```
(address ?person-2 (?town . ?rest-2))
```

```
(not (same ?person-1 ?person-2))))
```

- ▶ Now we can ask who lives near Ben

```
(lives-near ?x (Bitdiddle Ben))
```

## Programming with Logic

- ▶ Note: The single quote after mydb will be broken in the pdf (smart-quotes)

```
(load "ch4-query.scm")
(define mydb '(
(rule (append-to-form () ?y ?y))

      (rule (append-to-form (?u . ?v) ?y (?u . ?z))
            (append-to-form ?v ?y ?z))
))
(initialize-data-base mydb)
(query-driver-loop)
(append-to-form (a b) (c d) ?z)
```

- ▶ For this version of append, the return value is placed in ?z
- ▶ In most query languages, we need to give a variable to place the solution

# Programming with Logic

- ▶ What is the list generated by appending these two lists  
(append-to-form (a b c) (d e f) ?z)
- ▶ What is the list that append to make a specific final list  
(append-to-form (a b) ?y (a b c d))
- ▶ What are all the possible lists that merge to a target list  
(append-to-form ?x ?y (a b c d))

# MetaCircular Evaluator

- ▶ A Scheme Interpreter written in Scheme
- ▶ Why?
  - ▶ Teaching!
  - ▶ Extending the Language or Adding Syntax
  - ▶ Debuggers
- ▶ Jikes RVM
  - ▶ A Java Research Virtual Machine Written in Java
  - ▶ The RVM runs on top of the JVM
  - ▶ Used For Research in:
    - ▶ Garbage Collection
    - ▶ Dynamic Parallelization
    - ▶ Machine Learning for Dynamic Compilation
    - ▶ Dynamic Typing

# Running the mcEval

- ▶ Here is an example of how to load and run code

```
(load "ch4-mceval.scm")  
(define the-global-environment (setup-environment))  
(driver-loop)  
(+ 4 5)
```

- ▶ Primitives

- ▶ We want to reuse base functionality
  - ▶ car,cdr,cons, null?, +, -, =, \*, etc

- ▶ We want to reimplement higher order functions

- ▶ Anything that can be built from the primary functions
- ▶ We would need to rewrite reverse