

Dependable Software Systems

Topics in Unit Testing Tools



Java Testing Tools

- junit is a testing harness for unit testing.
- emma is a code coverage tool.
- The tools can be used in concert to provide statement and branch coverage reports during the unit testing process.

The junit Unit Testing Tool for Java

- Home page:
 - <http://www.junit.org>
- Documentation and tutorial:
 - <http://junit.org/junit/javadoc/4.5/>
- Download page for version 4.7:
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/junit/files/junit/4.7/junit-4.7.jar/download>
- junit FAQ page (has answers to most user questions):
 - <http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/faq/faq.htm>

How to install junit

(from the www.junit.org website)

- Download junit
 - *i.e.*, a file called **junit.zip**
- Unzip the **junit.zip** to a directory (junit home):
 - Windows users:
 - %JUNIT_HOME%
 - Add junit to the class path:
 - set CLASSPATH=%CLASSPATH%;%JUNIT_HOME%\junit-4.7.jar
 - Unix users (bash shell):
 - \$JUNIT_HOME.
 - Add junit to the class path:
 - export CLASSPATH=\$CLASSPATH:\$JUNIT_HOME/junit-4.7.jar



How to test the junit installation

- Test the installation by running the sample tests distributed with junit.
- The sample tests are located in the installation directory, not the **junit.jar** file.
- Then type:
 - `java org.junit.runner.JUnitCore org.junit.tests.AllTestsAll`
 - Later, just replace *org.junit.tests.AllTestsAll* with your test code name.
- The tests should pass with an "OK" message.
 - If the tests don't pass, verify that junit-4.7.jar is in the CLASSPATH.

junit Examples

- In your junit distribution go to:
 - junit-4.7/junit/samples
- Examine the code of:
 - SimpleTest.java
 - ListTest.java
 - AllTests.java
 - money/MoneyTest.java
- Run the tests and use them as a template for your own test cases.

Simple Test Suite

```
package junit.samples;

import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

/* Some simple tests. */
public class SimpleTest extends TestCase {
    protected int fValue1;
    protected int fValue2;

    @Override
    protected void setUp() {
        fValue1= 2;
        fValue2= 3;
    }
    public static Test suite() {
        /* the dynamic way */
        return
            new TestSuite(SimpleTest.class);
```

```
        public void testAdd() {
            double result= fValue1 + fValue2;
            // forced failure result == 5
            assertTrue(result == 6);
        }
        public void testDivideByZero() {
            int zero= 0;
            int result= 8/zero;
            result++;
        }
        public void testEquals() {
            assertEquals(12, 12);
            assertEquals(12L, 12L);
            assertEquals(new Long(12), new Long(12));
            assertEquals("Size", 12, 13);
            assertEquals("Capacity", 12.0, 11.99, 0.0);
        }
        public static void main (String[] args) {
            junit.textui.TestRunner.run(suite());
        }
    } /* SimpleTest */
```



List Test Suite

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

public class ListTest extends TestCase {
    protected List<Integer> fEmpty;
    protected List<Integer> fFull;

    public static void main (String[] args) {
        junit.textui.TestRunner.run (suite());
    }
    @Override
    protected void setUp() {
        fEmpty= new ArrayList<Integer>();
        fFull= new ArrayList<Integer>();
        fFull.add(1);
        fFull.add(2);
        fFull.add(3);
    }

    public static Test suite() {
        return new TestSuite(ListTest.class);
    }

    public void testCapacity() {
        int size= fFull.size();
        for (int i= 0; i < 100; i++)
            fFull.add(new Integer(i));
        assertTrue(fFull.size() == 100+size);
    }

    public void testContains() {
        assertTrue(fFull.contains(1));
        assertTrue(!fEmpty.contains(1));
    }

    // continued on next slide ...
}
```



List Test Suite (Cont'd)

```
public void testElementAt() {
    int i= fFull.get(0);
    assertTrue(i == 1);

    try {
        fFull.get(fFull.size());
    } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
        return;
    }
    fail("Should raise an ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException");
}

public void testRemoveAll() {
    fFull.removeAll(fFull);
    fEmpty.removeAll(fEmpty);
    assertTrue(fFull.isEmpty());
    assertTrue(fEmpty.isEmpty());
}

public void testRemoveElement() {
    fFull.remove(new Integer(3));
    assertTrue(!fFull.contains(3));
}
}
```



Setting up Composite Test Suites

```
package junit.samples;

import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

/* TestSuite that runs all the sample tests
 */
public class AllTests {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        junit.textui.TestRunner.run (suite());
    }
    public static Test suite ( ) {
        TestSuite suite= new TestSuite("All JUnit Tests");
        suite.addTest(ListTest.suite());
        suite.addTest(new TestSuite(junit.samples.money.MoneyTest.class));
        suite.addTest(junit.tests.AllTests.suite());
        return suite;
    }
}
```



The Emma Code Coverage Tool

- Home page:
 - <http://emma.sourceforge.net/>
- Quick start introduction page:
 - <http://emma.sourceforge.net/intro.html>
- Download page:
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/emma/files/>
- Emma sample reports page:
 - <http://emma.sourceforge.net/samples.html>
- Emma FAQ page:
 - <http://emma.sourceforge.net/faq.html>

Downloading and Installing Emma

1. Go to the download page:
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/emma/files/>
2. Get the file **emma-2.0.5312-lib.zip** in the **emma-release** directory.
 - The download starts automatically after a short sourceforge advertisement.
3. Unzip the **emma-2.0.5312-lib.zip** file and put the file **emma.jar** in the directory with the code.
 - You can put the file elsewhere as long as you include the directory in the java class path using the “-cp” option.



How to instrument Java byte code using Emma

- Assume that **emma.jar** and **junit-4.7.jar** are both in the same directory that contains the MyCode byte code (.class files).
- Assume your CLASSPATH contains:
 - emma.jar
 - junit-4.7.jar
- To instrument the byte code run:
 - java emma instr -m overwrite -cp . MyCode
 - java -cp . MyCode
- To execute the instrumented byte code run:
 - java MyCode
- Files **coverage.em** and **coverage.ec** store code coverage data.

How to generate an HTML code coverage report

- To generate an HTML code coverage report run:
 - `java emma report -r html -sp . -in coverage.em,coverage.ec`
- The **-sp** option is used to specify the source code directory.
 - Use **-sp .** if the source code is in the same directory as the byte code.
 - Relative paths may be used.
 - Without the **-sp** option, the report will not show the source code view.

Running code without Emma

- Once you are done running instrumented code you must re-compile the java source into plain (non-instrumented) byte code.
 - `javac *.java`

Other tools

- CHECK is a tool for unit testing of C code
 - <http://check.sourceforge.net/doc/check.html/index.html>
- GCC's GCOV can be used for C code coverage
- Valgrind can be used for memory analysis for C code
 - <http://valgrind.org/>
- Jconsole can be used for memory analysis of Java code
 - <http://freshmeat.net/projects/jconsole/>
- For bug tracking you might want to use Trac
 - <http://trac.edgewall.org>

